

## **PVP-Iodine 30/06** Healthcare Antiseptic

## **Delivering what matters**

Ô  $\bigcirc \bigcirc$  We produce excipients and active ingredients of high quality and performance. Our team of experienced industry specialists supports you in developing effective formulations – giving you a

PVP-lodine is an antiseptic that offers a broad spectrum of coverage, demonstrating antiviral, antibacterial, and antifungal activity.<sup>1</sup> Found on the World Health Organization's Model List of Essential Medicines, PVP-Iodine's potent efficacy is balanced with its established safety profile in a wide range of ages spanning from pediatric to geriatric patients.<sup>1,2</sup> In-vitro studies of PVP-lodine-based topical formulations including skin cleansers, topical scrubs, and gargle/mouthwashes have indicated that PVP-lodine products reduce viral load of certain coronaviruses such as MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV-1, and SARS-CoV-2.\* 1, 3, 4, 5

### **Antimicrobial Efficacy of PVP-lodine**

The antimicrobial efficacy of PVP-lodine is dependent on two major factors: Available iodine = iodine that can be titrated with sodium thiosulphate

Free iodine content is inversely proportional to the concentration of PVP-lodine or available iodine. Tests on micro-organisms have shown that the rate of microbicidal action is proportional to the free iodine content.



Relationship between the free iodine concentration and the concentration of available iodine in aqueous solution.

#### References

- 2. World Health Organization. World Health Organization Model List of Essential Medicines. 21st List. 2019. https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/325771/WHO-MVP-EMP-IAU-2019.06-

\*BASF has not tested the activity of PVP-lodine against MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV-1, SARS-CoV-2, bacteria, or fungi; therefore, such activity has not been established through BASF testing at this time.

#### References

6. Der Gehalt an freiem Iod in wäßrigen Lösungen von PVP-Iod. Gottardi W.; Hyg. + Med. 8, 203-209 (1983). 7. Physical-chemical Fundamentals of the Microbicidal Action of PVP-lodine. Horn D., Ditter W.; Proceedings of the International Symp. on Povidone (1983).



- Free iodine = non-complexed, free iodine that can be determined in a dialysis test or an electrochemical model<sup>6,7</sup>



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## **PVP-Iodine Efficacy Against Bacteria and Fungi**<sup>8</sup>

Organism	Strains	PVP-I (mg/kg iodine)	Time of Contact (seconds)	Organism	Strains	PVP-I (mg/kg iodine)	Time of Contact (seconds)
Staphylococcus aureus	2 1 1 1	1000 67 1000 1000	15 60 30 30	Streptococcus faecalis	1 2 2	4 2500 200	10 300 60
	85 6 13	1000 100 2500	180 60	Streptococcus pyogenes	1 1	1000 2500	60 60
Proteus mirabilis	4 7	1000 2500	120 90	Streptococcus hemolyticus	2	1000	15
	2	2500	60				
				Salmonella typhimurium	2	1000	30
Proteus vulgaris	1 5	1000 2500	60 90				
	0	2000	00	Salmonella typhosa	2	1000	15
Escherichia coli	3	1000	120				
	1	1000	60	Salmonella Type C-1	1	2500	60
	1 0	1000 1000	60 30				
	5	2500	60	Salmonella spp.	2	2500	60
	2	1000 200	30 120				
	2	200	.20	Serratia marcescens	2 1	2500 200	60 120
Enterobacter aerogenes	1	2500	60				
Enterobacter spp.	3	1000	60				

Organism	Strains	PVP-I (mg/kg iodine)	Time of Contact (seconds)
Serratia spp.	1	1000	60
	4	2500	60
Shigella sonni	2	1000	30
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	2 1 13 2 2	1000 1000 25 2500 500	15 900 900 300 60
Klebsiella pneumoniae	1	500	60
Diplococcus pneumoniae	1 2	1000 2500	60 60
Mycobacterium tuberculosis	1	2500	60
Bacillus subtilis	1	1000	30
Clostridium tetani	1	1000	30

References 8. Microbiological Efficacy of PVP-lodine. A Critical Review (A. F. Petersen).



Organism	Strains	PVP-I (mg/kg iodine)	Time of Contact (seconds)
Clostridium septicum	1	1000	30
Bacillus subtilis spores	2	10000	7200
Trichophyton rubrum	1	1000	60
Candida albicans	1 1 1 1	4 1000 1000 1000 500	10 120 60 30 60
Trichomonas vaginalis	4 1	400 1000	30 30
Aspergillus flavus	1	1000	30
Aspergillus niger	1	1000	30

### PVP-lodine 30/06

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### **Physico-chemical properties**

Chemistry	Polyvinylpyrrolidone iodine
CAS number	25655-41-8
Physical form	Brown free-flowing powder Micronization causes color to change from pale brown to orange

### PVP-lodine 30/06

### **Product details**

PRD number	30034963
Packaging size and article number	70 kg PE drum (55087443); 50
Sample and article number	0.5 kg plastic bottle (50539452
Manufacturing site	Geismar (USA)
Regulatory status	<ul> <li>Meets the requirements of t and USP "Povidone-Iodine"</li> <li>All tests of the monograph of compliance with the current</li> <li>CEP, US DMF and J-DMF and</li> </ul>

**(i)** For further regulatory information please contact your sales representative.





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00 kg IBC (51955355)

the current monographs of Ph. Eur. "Povidone, iodinated"

of JP "Povidone-Iodine" are performed in Japan for t version of this monograph.

are available

### PVP-lodine 30/06

#### **Recommendations for formulating with PVP-lodine**

Incompatibilities	PVP-lodine is not stable in combination with reducing agents and many surfactants. Even some other excipients or their impurities like residual quantities of solvents (e.g. acetone) can impair the stability of PVP-lodine preparations. Furthermore, a pH above 5 has a marked adverse effect on the stability of a formulation.
рН	The pH of the PVP-lodine preparation can be of great importance for its stability. A pH of about 4.5 for aqueous solutions is a good compromise between good skin compatibility and acceptable stability.
Concentration of PVP-lodine	The PVP-lodine concentration in a preparation also has an influence on its stability. Com- monly used concentrations are therefore never below 1% PVP-lodine. At lower values stability is too poor; best values are achieved at concentrations of 8% to 10%.

### Foam



#### **Formulating Procedure**

1. Dissolve all phase I ingredients under shear.

Deionized water

Use of foam pump bottles are required for best foaming performance.

### **1** Note:

All shown formulations are exemplary. The formulations presented in this booklet have not been tested for their stability, shelf life, antiseptic activity, nor characterized by any analytical means. No clinical trials were conducted. Formulating procedures are recommendations based on established laboratory conditions and may require alterations dependent on the final application.

Functionality	Quantity (w/w%)
API	5 or 10
Emulsifier	3
Solvent	QS to 100



Foam with 5% PVP-lodine



Foam with 10% PVP-lodine

### Cream

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Enhanced sensory feeling with moisture retention properties
 Easily spread for targeted application

### **Model Formulation**

Phase	Ingredient	Functionality	Quantity (w/w%)
1	PVP-Iodine 30/06	API	5
1	Deionized water	Solvent	80
1	Kollisolv <sup>®</sup> PG	Solvent	3
Ш	Kolliphor <sup>®</sup> CS 20	Emulsifier	2
11	Kolliwax <sup>®</sup> CSA 50	Viscogen	10

### **Ointment**

Hydrophilic and free of mineral oil
 Higher viscosity for improved richness and care feeling

### **Model Formulation**

Phase	Ingredient	Functionality	Quantity (w/w%)
1	PVP-lodine 30/06	API	10
1	Kollisolv <sup>®</sup> PG	Solvent	30
II	Kollisolv <sup>®</sup> PEG 400	Solvent	30
II	Kollisolv <sup>®</sup> PEG 3350*	Viscogen	30

\*Kollisolv® PEG 3350 is commercially available only in the USA and Canada.

#### **Formulating Procedure**

- 1. Heat phase I and II in separate containers at 80°C for 10 minutes (metal containers recommended) or until dissolved.
- 2. Place phase I beaker under overhead propeller mixer and mix at 500 rpm. Add phase II and continue mixing for 5 minutes.
- 3. Move mixed solution to homogenizer and homogenize at 5000 rpm for 5 minutes.
- 4. Return mixture to overhead mixer and mix at 200 rpm.
- 5. Stop when temperature is 35°C (use of infrared thermometer recommend).



Cream with 5% PVP-lodine

#### **Formulating Procedure**

- 1. Heat phase I and II in separate containers at 80°C for 10 minutes (metal containers recommended) or until dissolved.
- 2. Place phase II beaker on overhead mixer and add phase I. Mix at 50 rpm until it thickens.





Ointment with 10% PVP-lodine

### **Stick**

- Provides occlusive barrier  $\checkmark$
- Simple, water-free formulation
- Ideal for precise application on small surface areas
- $\checkmark$  Dry and clean application

### **Model Formulation**

Phase	Ingredient	Functionality	Quantity (w/w%)
T	Kolliwax <sup>®</sup> CSA 50	Viscogen	50
1	Kollicream <sup>®</sup> OD	Solvent/Emollient	49
1	PVP-lodine 30/06	API	1

### **Formulating Procedure**

- 1. Melt all ingredients together at 75–80°C until it is a clear solution.
- 2. Stir until homogenous with propeller mixer (no heat) at approx. 300 rpm for 5–7 minutes.
- **3.** Pour contents into solid stick dispensers
- 4. Allow to cool/solidify overnight.

Process steps might need to be adjusted to adapt to different waxes, melting points, cooling rates, etc.

## **Sprayable Thermo-Reversible Gel**

Sprayable gel using thermo-reversible gellification upon contact with skin Local and precise application  $\checkmark$ 

- $\checkmark$
- ✓ Non-leaking and easy removal

### **Model Formulation**

Phase	Ingredient	Functionality	Quantity (w/w%)
1	PVP-lodine 30/06	API	10
1	Deionized water	Solvent	70
II	Kolliphor <sup>®</sup> P 407*	Gelling Agent	10
	Kolliphor <sup>®</sup> P 188	Gelling Agent	10

\* The use of Kolliphor® P 407 (10 to 20%) only results in thermogels.

### **Formulating Procedure**

The different formulating procedures are described on page 11.







Liquid at room temperature



Gel at 40°C

### Hydrophilic Poloxamer Gel

- Thermo-reversible gelling agent builds viscosity upon contact with skin
- Cool, refreshing feeling
- Easily spread

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Targeted application to small or large surface areas

#### **Model Formulation**

Ingredients	Functionality	Quantity (w/w%)
PVP-lodine 30/06	API	10
Deionized water	Solvent	70
Kolliphor® P 407*	Gelling Agent	20
	Ingredients PVP-Iodine 30/06 Deionized water Kolliphor® P 407*	Ingredients       Functionality         PVP-Iodine 30/06       API         Deionized water       Solvent         Kolliphor® P 407*       Gelling Agent

\* The gel is formed at room temperature when using  $\geq 20\%$  Kolliphor<sup>®</sup> P 407.

### **Formulating Procedure**

The different formulating procedures are described on page 11.



Gel with 10 % PVP-lodine

### **Formulating Procedures** Sprayable Thermo-Reversible Gel and Hydrophilic Poloxamer Gel



#### Hot Process

- 1. Weigh out and heat phase I to 70°C for 10 minutes or until PVP-lodine 30/06 is fully dissolved.
- 2. Slowly add in phase II (over 2 minutes) and mix on overhead mixer at 100 rpm for 1 hour at room temperature.

#### Note:

This process ensures PVP-lodine 30/06 is completely in solution.

#### Cold Process

1. Weigh out phase I and apply shear until PVP-Iodine 30/06 is fully dissolved (approx. 30 minutes at room temperature).

- 2. Add in phase II and refrigerate at 4°C overnight.
- 3. Slowly mix and bring up to room temperature.

#### Note:

While PVP-Iodine 30/06 is completely dissolved at the beginning of this process, it can settle and form aggregates in the final gel.





# Our service offer

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