# Enhancing Ophthalmic Formulation Success Through Purity



## Super Refined™ Excipients

Developing an ophthalmic drug product requires focus on key factors, such as drug stabilisation, irritation minimisation and meeting low endotoxin level requirements. These factors can impact final formulation success. High purity excipients can maximise the success rate of drug development by offering enhanced API stability, reduced cellular irritation and minimised endotoxin contribution to the final formulation.

Croda's Super Refined process yields highly purified excipients that can maximise drug product value by addressing these key factors.

#### Formulation Benefits:

- Reduced peroxide values
- Reduced cellular irritation
- Reduced endotoxin levels

#### **Drug Value:**

- Optimised drug performance
- Increased patient compliance
- Decreased formulation development time
- Increased speed to market

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#### **Benefits & Features:**

- LAL testing on each batch
- Low Peroxide Values
- Low Moisture
- Multi-compendial NF, PhEur, JPE

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#### **Reduced Peroxide Values**

Super Refining removes potentially hazardous impurities, such as oxidative species (peroxides) and carbonyls, from Croda's high purity range of excipients allowing for increased API stability, a reduction in cellular irritation and improved patient compliance.

To demonstrate improved oxidative stability, the peroxide value of Super Refined PEG 400 was compared to standard compendial grade PEG 400 NF over 4 weeks in accelerated ageing temperatures (50°C)¹. It was seen (Figure 1) that the Super Refined excipient, initially and at 4 weeks, continued to exhibit a peroxide value that was >60% lower than the peroxide value of the standard compendial PEG 400 NF. The reduced peroxide value for Super Refined PEG 400 indicates the potential for enhanced protection of the drug active and overall formulation.

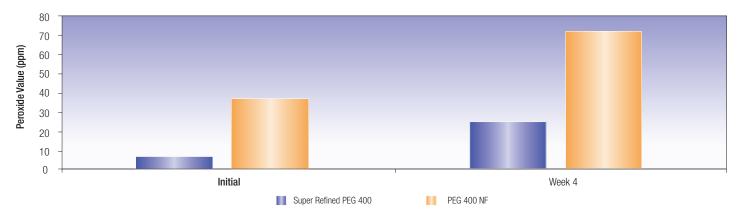


Figure 1: A graph comparing differences in peroxide levels between Super Refined PEG 400 and PEG 400 NF over 4 weeks at 50°C.

#### Reduced Cellular Irritation

Formaldehyde is a known irritant to the cell membrane with high levels being indicative of greater cellular irritation. The following graph (Figure 2) demonstrates that Super Refined Polysorbate 20 has a significantly lower level of formaldehyde as compared to the standard compendial grade.

In addition, a Trans-Epithelial Permeability Assay (TEP) was performed to compare Super Refined Polysorbate 20 against standard compendial grade polysorbate 20. The following graph (Figure 3) demonstrates how the lower impurity profile of Super Refined Polysorbate 20 reduces the potential for cellular irritation<sup>2</sup>.

#### Formaldehyde Content in Two Grades of Polysorbate 20

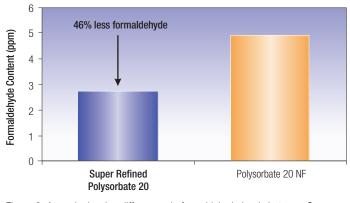


Figure 2: A graph showing differences in formal dehyde levels between Super Refined Polysorbate 20 and Polysorbate 20  $\rm NF$ 

### TEP Assay With 3 Formulations that Contain Different Grades of Polysorbate 20

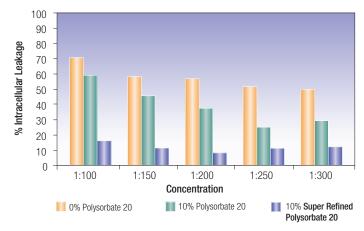


Figure 3: A graph demonstrating the lower percentage of intracellular leakage that Super Refined Polysorbate 20 contributes to various concentrations of a surfactant system as compared to a non-Super Refined polysorbate

#### **Reduced Endotoxin Levels**

With strict guidelines for endotoxin testing on the final drug product, there is a need to formulate with ingredients that have minimal contribution to the total endotoxin level. The Super Refining process yields a reduction in the endotoxin units (EU/ml) of the high purity excipients within this product range as detected by the limulus amoebocyte lysate (LAL) assay using the USP 85 Gel Clot Method.

Figure 4 highlights some examples of the lower endotoxin levels that can be obtained by Super Refining as compared to monograph specification ranges.

Excipient	LAL Specification (EU/ml)	LAL Typical Results (EU/ml)
Super Refined Castor Oil	0-0.25	0.12
Super Refined PEG 300	0-10	4.0
Super Refined PEG 400	0-10	2.0
Super Refined Polysorbate 20*	0-10	1.0
Super Refined Polysorbate 60	0-2	0.2
Super Refined Polysorbate 80	0-1	0.2

<sup>\*</sup>USP 85 Kinetic Turbidimetric Technique

Figure 4: A sample set of Super Refined excipients demonstrating lower endotoxin levels

#### **Super Refined offering** (listed in alphabetical order by chemical description):

\*FDA IIG listing for ophthalmic dosage forms only

Chemical Description	Product Name	NF/USP	PhEur	JPE/JP	FDA IIG* (Ophthalmic)
Castor Oil	Super Refined Castor Oil				
Petrolatum	Crolatum V				
Polyethylene Glycol 300	Super Refined PEG 300				
Polyethylene Glycol 400	Super Refined PEG 400				
Polysorbate 20	Super Refined Polysorbate 20			100	
Polysorbate 60	Super Refined Polysorbate 60				
Polysorbate 80	Super Refined Polysorbate 80			100	
Polysorbate 80	Super Refined Polysorbate 80 A				
Propylene Glycol	Super Refined Propylene Glycol			100	

# References Gatchalian N., Joseph L., Westergom C., Langley N. Purity of PEG 400 Affects the Stability of Gelatin Capsules. Poster presented at: AAPS Annual Meeting and Exposition; 2005 Nov 6-10; Nashville, TN. <sup>2</sup>Joseph L., Taneja V., Gunderman E., Langley N. Chromatographically Purified Polysorbate 20, 60, and 80 Reduce Cellular Irritation. Poster presented at: AAPS Annual Meeting and Exposition; 2006 Oct 29- Nov 2; San Antonio, TX. Non-warranty The information in this publication is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith, but no representation or warranty as to its completeness or accuracy is made. Suggestions for uses or applications are only opinions. Users are responsible for determining the suitability of these products for their own particular purpose. No representation or warranty, expressed or implied, is made with respect to information or products including, without limitation, warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, non-infringement of any third party patent or other intellectual property rights including, without limit, copyright, trademark and designs. Any trademarks identified herein, unless otherwise noted, are trademarks of the Croda group of companies. ©2017 Croda International Plc